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Dual Band Stacked Rectangular Dielectric Resonator Antenna with Elliptical Slot DGS for 5G Application

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Abstract

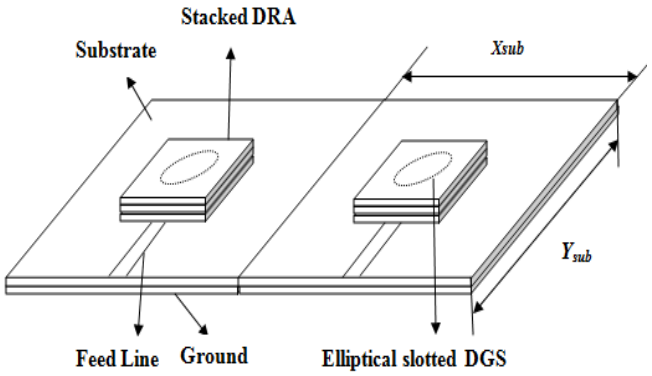
Presently wireless applications have lot of evolution in technology which is being monitored through antenna. So, in this paper we implemented dual band stacked rectangular DRA with elliptical slot DGS for 5G applications. In this work we need to manage in such a way that slot and feed line should be matched. The antenna operates at dual band frequencies. In this we use Arlon AD350 lossy material for substrate and material for dra is Arlon AR1000 lossy. The antenna resonates at two frequencies 8.92 GHz & 9.75 GHz.

Keywords: Dielectric resonate antenna, Defective ground structure, Microstrip line, VSWR, Mutual coupling.

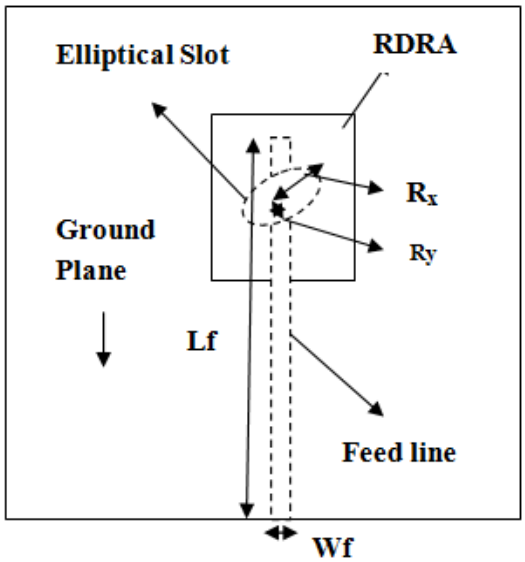
INTRODUCTION

5G technology is going to be a new mobile revolution in mobile market. Through 5G technology we can use worldwide cellular phones and this technology also strike the China mobile market. A user being proficient to get axis to Germany phone as a local phone. Through 5G technology a user can manage his whole office in his finger tip through phone.

The development of 5G technologies aimed at increasing data rates of wireless communication networks by some factors like large band width, small size, low cost, and temperature independent. To implement all these factors many researches are trying to propose the utilization of higher frequency spectrum due to increasing requirements for wider and dual band systems. 5th Generation Mobile Network or simply 5G is the fourth coming revolution of mobile technology. The features and its usability are much beyond the expectation of a normal human being. With its ultra-high speed, it is potential enough to change the meaning of cell phone usability. 5G would have a huge task to offer services to heterogeneous networks, technologies, and devices operating in different geographic regions. So, the challenge is of standardization to provide dynamic, universal, user-centric, and data-rich wireless services to fulfill the high expectation of people.



(a)



(b)

Figure 1. Geometry of the proposed 5G antenna (a)3D view,(b)Top view.

5G technology has extraordinary data capabilities and has ability to tie together unrestricted call volumes and infinite data broadcast within latest mobile operating system. 5G technology has a bright future because it can handle best technologies and offer priceless handset to their customer.

DRA is a radio antenna mostly used at microwave frequencies and higher, that consists of a block of ceramic materials of

various shapes. The DRA mounted on a metal surface, ground, radio wave, are introduced inside the resonator material.

Advantage of DRA is that they lack metal parts, because they are lossy at higher frequencies, dissipated energy, so that the antenna has lower losses and more efficient than metal antenna at microwave & milliwave frequencies.

CONFIGURATIONS OF PROPOSED ANTENNA

Based on geometry of the proposed dual band antenna is shown in fig.1. The configuration of proposed antenna is directed by using Arlon dielectric material as substrate of type Arlon AD350 (lossy) of thickness 0.8mm, dielectric constant, $\in_r$=3.5 and loss tangent of Tgδ =0.0003. The substrate dimensions having length of Ysub=48mm and width of Ysub =40mm. Resonant frequency of RDRA, it has been already design by dielectric waveguide model. Resonant frequency can be calculated using below formula

$$f_r=\frac{c}{2\pi\sqrt{\varepsilon_r}}\sqrt{k_x^2+k_y^2+k_z^2}$$

Where

$$k_x=\frac{m\pi}{a};\ k_y=\frac{n\pi}{b};\ k_z=\frac{l\pi}{2d}$$

Where $\in_r$ is the permittivity of dielectric resonator and k_x,k_y,k_z represents the wave numbers along x, y, z directions within the RDRA antenna respectively a, b, c and d are dimensions of RDRA along the x, y, z axis. The proposed dual band 5g antenna is shown in fig.1. The structure consists of stacked RDRA along with elliptical slot DGS and micro strip line feed.

The RDRA is made up of Arlon AD350 (lossy) dielectric material having permittivity $\in_r$=10 with loss of tangent δ=0.03. The dimensions of RDRA are width a=14, length b=15 along with height is about 1.28.

Rectangular DRA is printed on the grounded substrate and is connected to the microstrip feed line through an elliptical aperture. The microstrip feed line having dimensions W_f X L_f =2.4 X 31mm^2 is printed on the dielectric substrate. Elliptical coupling slot is printed at the center of the grounded structure of the resonator and is used to excite the DRA. For improving the impedence matching of the structure the elliptical shaped slot is used here. A good orientation (adaption) has been obtained by making an angle of alpha=20°. The elliptical slot having dimensions R_x X R_Y = 4.8 X 1.8mm^2

The antenna parameters are shown in table.1.

Table 1: OPTIMIZED GEOMETRICAL PARAMETERS FOR THE PROPOSED ANTENNA

Part	Parameter	Values(mm)
Rectangular dielectric resonator(for one layer)	Height, d	1.28
	Length, b	15
	Width, a	14
Substrate	Height, h	0.8
	Length, Ysub	48
	Width, Xsub	40
Feed line	Width, Wf	2.4
	Length, Lf	31
Coupling elliptical slot	Long radius,Rx	4.8
	Small radius,Ry	1.8

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The simulated results for proposed antenna with return losses |S11| and |S12|. The return loss of dual band 5g antenna is shown in fig.2 and fig.3. By seeing the figure, we observed that the return loss must be less than -10dB and it is operated at dual frequency bands 8.92GHz and 9.75GHz. The antenna performance reflects reference impedence and reflection coefficient.

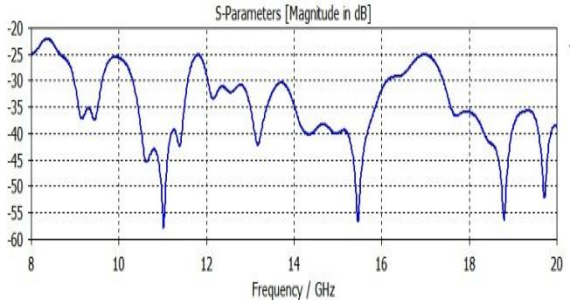


Figure 2. Simulated reflection coefficient (S11) characteristics of antenna

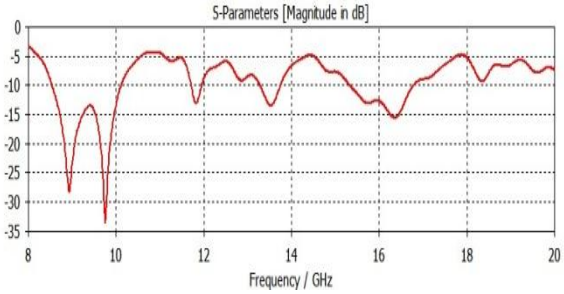


Figure 3. Simulated reflection coefficient (S12) characteristics of antenna

Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR) must be less than (or) nearly equal to 2 from fig.4. We observed that the vswr value for the two bands of interest is less than 2.

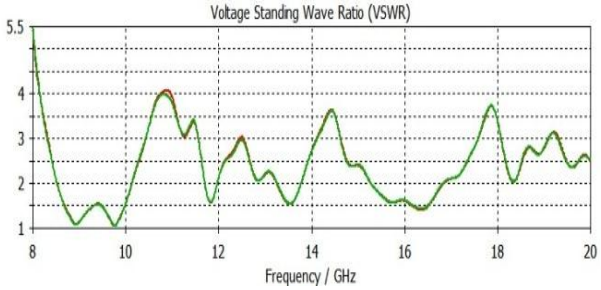


Figure 4. Simulated VSWR vs. frequency characteristics of the antenna

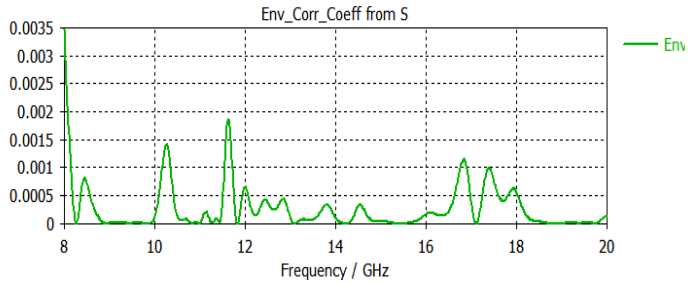


Figure 5. Simulated ECC characteristics of the antenna

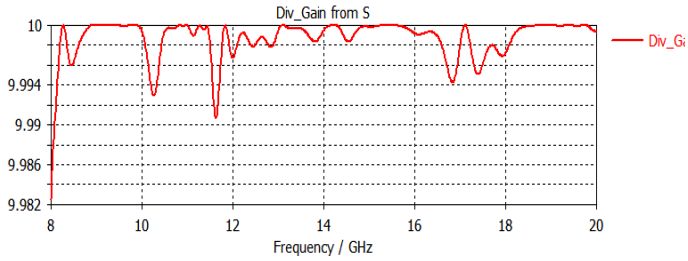


Figure 6. Simulated diversity gain characteristics of the antenna

The Envelope Correlation Coefficient (ECC) and Gain characteristics of proposed antenna for dual frequency 8.92GHz and 9.75GHz are shown in fig.5 and fig.6. The ECC values for proposed antenna are 1.47 at 8.92GHz and 3.32 at 9.75GHz. The diversity gain can be obtained 9.99dB at 8.92GHz and 9.99dB at 9.75GHz. The total efficiencies are -0.7878dB and -0.3726dB and radiation pattern in terms of gain values are 5.037dB and 6.473dB at 8.92GHz and 9.75GHz respectively.

CONCLUSION

The design of dual band stacked RDRA with elliptical slot DGS for 5G mobile communication system has been proposed in this paper. The proposed stacked RDRA is designed by using 3 layers made up of low cost Arlon materials i.e., AR1000 is used for dielectric substrate and it is operated at 8.92 and 9.75GHz band frequencies. The simulated results for the proposed antenna having good characteristics like return losses, reflection coefficient and vswr. The elliptical slot DGS gives good impedence matching at both frequencies i.e., 8.92 and 9.75GHz the proposed antenna can be demonstrated for 5G applications. Moreover, governments and regulators can use this technology as an opportunity for the good governance and can create healthier environment, which will definitely encourage continuing investment in 5G, the next generation technology.

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