

Edge Pair Sum Labeling of $WT(n : k)$ tree

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Abstract

An injective map $f : E(G) \rightarrow \{\pm 1, \pm 2, \dots, \pm q\}$ is said to be an edge pair sum labeling of a graph $G(p, q)$ if the induced vertex function $f^* : V(G) \rightarrow Z - \{0\}$ defined by $f^*(v) = \sum_{e \in E_v} f(e)$ is one-one, where E_v denotes the set of edges in G that are incident with a vertex v and $f^*(V(G))$ is either of the form $\{\pm k_1, \pm k_2, \dots, \pm k_{\frac{p}{2}}\}$ or $\{\pm k_1, \pm k_2, \dots, \pm k_{\frac{p-1}{2}}\} \cup \{k_{\frac{p+1}{2}}\}$ according as p is even or odd. A graph which admits edge pair sum labeling is called an edge pair sum graph. In this paper we study the edge pair sum labeling of $WT(n : k)$ tree.

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1. Introduction

All graphs in this paper are finite, simple and undirected. For standard terminology and notations we follow Harary [1]. The symbols $V(G)$ and $E(G)$ denote the vertex set and edge set of a graph. Ponraj et al. [7] introduced the concept of pair sum labeling. An injective map $f : V(G) \rightarrow \{\pm 1, \pm 2, \dots, \pm p\}$ is said to be a pair sum labeling of a graph $G(p, q)$ if the induced edge function $f_e : E(G) \rightarrow Z - \{0\}$ defined by $f_e(uv) = f(u) + f(v)$ is one-one and $f_e(E(G))$ is either of the form $\{\pm k_1, \pm k_2, \dots, \pm k_{\frac{q}{2}}\}$ for even q or $\{\pm k_1, \pm k_2, \dots, \pm k_{\frac{q-1}{2}}\} \cup \{\pm k_{\frac{q+1}{2}}\}$ for odd q . A graph with a pair sum labeling is called a pair sum graph. Analogous to pair sum labeling, we introduced a new labeling called an edge pair sum labeling in [2].

We proved the edge pair sum behaviour of graphs like star graph, bistar, $K_{1,n} \cup K_{1,m}$, $c_n \cup c_n$, spider graph, ladder graph, one point union of cycles, friendship graph, total graph, shadow graph and some standard graphs in references [3]-[6]. In this paper we study the edge pair sum labeling of $WT(n : k)$ tree.

Definition 1.1. The tree $WT(n)$, $n \geq 1$, is obtained from a star $G_1 = K(1, n+2)$ with central vertex c_1 and end vertices $x_i : 1 \leq i \leq n+2$ and another star $G_2 = K(1, n+2)$ with central vertex c_2 and end vertices $y_j : 1 \leq j \leq n+2$ by identifying vertex x_{n+2} and y_{n+2} and call the resulting degree 2 vertex w . Hence

$$V(G) = \{(c_1, v_2, w, w') \cup (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, x_{n+1}) \cup (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n)\} \text{ and} \\ E(G) = \{c_1x_1, c_1x_2, \dots, c_1x_{n+1}\} \cup \{c_2y_1, c_2y_2, \dots, c_2y_n\} \cup \{c_1w, c_2w\} \cup \{c_2w'\}.$$

Definition 1.2. A w -tree $WT(n : k)$ is obtained from k copies of $WT(n)$ by joining a new vertex a to vertex w'_n of each copy of $WT(n)$ [1]. Let

$$V(WT(n : k)) = \{a\} \cup \{x_i : 1 \leq i \leq k(n+1)\} \cup \{w_i : 1 \leq i \leq k\} \\ \cup \{y_i : 1 \leq i \leq kn\} \cup \{c_{i,j} : 1 \leq i \leq k, j = 1, 2\} \cup \{w'_i : 1 \leq i \leq k\}$$

and

$$E(WT(n : k)) = \{u_i = c_{i,1}w_i : 1 \leq i \leq k\} \cup \{u'_i = c_{i,2}w_i : 1 \leq i \leq k\} \\ \cup \{l_i = c_{i,2}w'_i : 1 \leq i \leq k\} \cup \{l'_i = aw'_i : 1 \leq i \leq k\} \cup \{e_{(n+1)(i-1)+j} \\ = c_{i,1}x_{(n+1)(i-1)+j} : 1 \leq i \leq k$$

and

$$1 \leq j \leq (n+1)\} \cup \{e'_{n(i-1)+j} = c_{i,2}y_{n(i-1)+j} : 1 \leq i \leq k$$

and $1 \leq j \leq n\}$ are the vertices and edges of the graph $WT(n : k)$.

The example for the edge pair sum graph labeling of $WT(3 : 4)$ is shown in Figure 1.

Edge Pair Sum Labeling of $WT(n : k)$ Tree

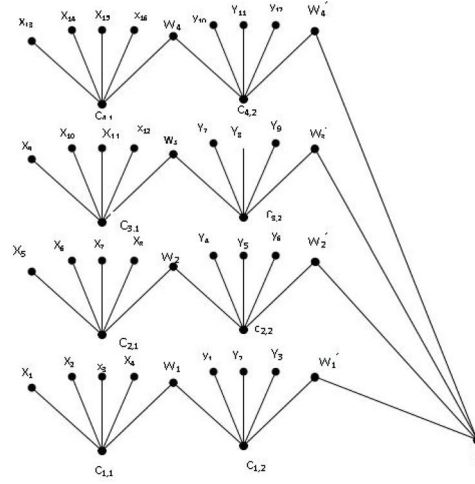


Figure 1:

2. Main Results

Theorem 2.1. Every w -tree $G = WT(n : k)$ admits an edge pair sum labeling.

Proof. If $v = |V(G)|$, $e = |E(G)|$, then $v = (2n + 5)k + 1$ and $e = v - 1$. We consider the following four cases.

Case (i). k and n are odd.

Subcase (a). If $n = 1$ and $k \geq 1$.

Define

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e_1) &= 1, f(e_2) = -5 = -f(e'_1), f(u_1) = 3, f(u'_1) = -6, \\
 f(l_1) &= 4, f(l'_1) = -2, \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-1}{2}, \\
 f(e_{2i+1}) &= (2k + 2 + 2i) = -f(e_{k+2i}), \\
 f(l_{1+i}) &= (5k - 1 + 2i) = -f\left(l_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(u_{1+i}) &= (3k + 1 + 2i) = -f\left(u_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(u'_{1+i}) &= (4k + 2i) = -f\left(u'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(l'_{1+i}) &= (6k - 2 + 2i) = -f\left(l'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(e_{2+2i}) &= (4i + 3) = -f(e_{k+1+2i})
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$f(e'_{1+i}) = (4i + 5) = -f\left(e'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right).$$

The induced vertex labeling are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(a) &= -2 = -f^*(w'_1), \\ f^*(c_{1,1}) &= -1 = -f^*(x_1), f^*(c_{1,2}) = 3 = -f^*(w_1) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(x_2) &= -5 = -f^*(y_1), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-1}{2} \\ f^*(w_{1+i}) &= (7k+1+4i) = -f^*\left(w_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\ f^*(x_{2+2i}) &= (4i+3) = -f^*(x_{k+1+2i}), \\ f^*(y_{1+i}) &= (4i+5) = -f^*\left(y_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\ f^*(c_{1+i,i}) &= (5k+6+8i) = -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i,1}\right), \\ f^*(c_{1+i,2}) &= (9k+4+8i) = -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i,2}\right), \\ f^*(x_{1+2i}) &= (2k+2+2i) = -f^*(x_{k+2i}) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$f^*(w'_{1+i}) = (11k-3+4i) = -f^*\left(w'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+j}\right).$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(V(G)) &= \{\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 5, \pm(2k+4), \pm(2k+6), \\ &\quad \pm(2k+8), \dots, \pm(3k+1), \pm(7k+5), \pm(7k+9), \\ &\quad \pm(7k+13), \dots, \pm(9k-1), \pm(11k+1), \pm(11k+5), \\ &\quad \pm(11k+9), \dots, \pm(13k-5), \pm(5k+14), \pm(5k+22), \\ &\quad \pm(5k+30), \dots, \pm(9k+2), \pm(9k+1), \pm 9, \pm 13, \\ &\quad \pm 17, \dots, \pm(2k+3)\}. \end{aligned}$$

The example for the edge pair sum graph labeling of $WT(1:1)$ is shown in Figure 2.

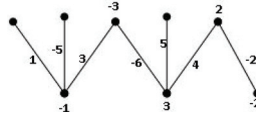


Figure 2:

Subcase (b). If $k \geq 1, n \geq 3$.

Edge Pair Sum Labeling of WT(n : k) Tree

Define

$$\begin{aligned} f(e_1) &= -1, f(e_2) = 3, f(e'_1) = -7, f(u_1) = -5, \\ f(u'_1) &= 6, f(l'_1) = -4, f(l_1) = 8, \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{n-1}{2}, \\ f(e_{2+i}) &= (7 + 2i) = -f\left(e_{\frac{n+3}{2}+i}\right) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$f(e'_{1+i}) = (n + 6 + 2i) = -f\left(e'_{\frac{n+1}{2}+i}\right), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right)$$

and $1 \leq j \leq n$,

$$f(e_{(n+1)+i+1+j}) = [2ni + 5 + 2j] = -f\left(e_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k-1}{2}+i\right)+1+j}\right),$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n\left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right)$,

$$f(e'_{n+i}) = (nk + n + 5 + 2i) = -f\left(e_{n\left(\frac{k+1}{2}+i\right)}\right),$$

for $1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-1}{2}$, $f(e_{(n+1)i+1}) = (2kn + 4 + 2i) = -f\left(e_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k+1}{2}+i\right)+1}\right)$,

$$f(u_{1+i}) = (2kn + k + 2i + 3) = -f\left(u_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right),$$

$$f(u'_{1+i}) = (2kn + 2k + 2 + 2i) = -f\left(u'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right),$$

$$f(l_{1+i}) = (2kn + 3k + 1 + 2i) = -f\left(l_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right)$$

and

$$f(l'_{1+i}) = (2kn + 4k + 2i) = -f\left(l'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right).$$

The induced vertex labeling are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(a) &= -4 = -f^*(w'_1), f^*(x_1) = -1 = -f^*(w_1), \\
 f^*(c_{1,1}) &= -3 = -f^*(x_2), \\
 f^*(c_{1,2}) &= 7 = -f^*(y_1), \quad \text{for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-1}{2} \\
 f^*(x_{(n+1)i+1}) &= (2kn + 4 + 2i) = -f^*\left(x_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k-1}{2}+i\right)+1}\right), \\
 f^*(w_{1+i}) &= (4kn + 3k + 5 + 4i) = -f^*\left(w_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f^*(w'_{1+i}) &= (4kn + 7k + 1 + 4i) = -f^*\left(w'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f^*(c_{1+i,1}) &= (4kn + k + 11 + 3n^2 + 6n + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1)) \\
 &= -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i,1}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(c_{1+i,2}) &= (4kn + 5k + 7 + n^2k + 6n + 2n^2 + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1)) \\
 &= -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i,2}\right), \quad \text{for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{n-1}{2}, \\
 f^*(x_{2+i}) &= (7 + 2i) = -f^*\left(x_{\frac{n+3}{2}+i}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(y_{1+i}) &= (n + 6 + 2i) \\
 &= -f^*\left(y_{\frac{n+1}{2}+i}\right), \quad \text{for } 1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and $1 \leq j \leq n$,

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(x_{(n+1)i+1+j}) &= (2ni + 5 + 2j) \\
 &= -f^*\left(x_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k-1}{2}+i\right)+1+j}\right), \quad \text{for } 1 \leq i \leq n\left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right), \\
 f^*(y_{n+i}) &= (nk + n + 5 + 2i) = -f^*\left(y_{n\left(\frac{k+1}{2}\right)+i}\right).
 \end{aligned}$$

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From the above labeling we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(V(G)) = \{ & \pm 1, \pm 3, \pm 4, \pm 7, \pm 9, \pm 11, \dots, \\
 & \pm (n + 6), \pm (n + 8), \pm (n + 10), \pm (n + 12), \dots, \\
 & \pm (2n + 5), \pm (2n + 7), \pm (2n + 9), \pm (2n + 11), \dots, \\
 & \pm (nk + n + 5), \pm (nk + n + 7), \pm (nk + n + 9), \pm (nk + n + 11), \dots, \\
 & \pm (2nk + 5), \pm (2nk + 6), \pm (2nk + 8), \pm (2nk + 10), \dots, \\
 & \pm (2nk + k + 3), \pm (4nk + 3k + 9), \pm (4nk + 3k + 17), \dots, \\
 & \pm (4nk + 5k + 3), \pm (4nk + 7k + 5), \pm (4nk + 7k + 9), \\
 & \pm (4nk + 7k + 13), \dots, \\
 & \pm (4nk + 9k - 1), \pm (3n^2 + 4nk + k + 6n + 11), \\
 & \pm (5n^2 + 4nk + k + 6n + 15), \dots, \\
 & \pm (n^2k + 4nk + 3k + 6n + 5), \pm (n^2k + 4nk + 5k + 6n + 2n^2 + 7), \\
 & \pm (n^2k + 4nk + 5k + 4n^2 + 6n + 11), \dots, \\
 & \pm (4kn + 2n^2k + 7k + 6n - n^2 + 1)\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence f is an edge pair sum labeling.

Case (ii). If n, k are even.

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e_1) &= 1 = -f(u'_1), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{n}{2}, \\
 f(e_{1+i}) &= (2i + 1) = -f\left(e_{\frac{n+2}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(e'_i) &= (n + 2i + 3) = -f\left(e'_{\frac{n}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(e_{n+2+i}) &= (2n + 2i + 5) = -f\left(e_{\frac{3n+4}{2}+i}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e'_{n+i}) &= (3n + 2i + 9) = -f\left(e_{\frac{3n}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(u_1) &= (n + 3) = -f(l_1), f(l'_1) = (3n + 8), \\
 f(e_{n+2}) &= -(2n + 5) = -f(u'_2), f(u_2) = -(3n + 7) = -f(l_2), \\
 f(l'_2) &= -(3n + 9), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-2}{2} \\
 f(e_{n+(n+1)i+2}) &= (2nk + 9 + 2i)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -f \left(e_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2} \right), \\
 f(u_{2+i}) &= (5n + 12 + 12i) = -f \left(u_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i} \right), \\
 f(u'_{2+i}) &= (5n + k + 10 + 2i) = -f \left(u'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i} \right), \\
 f(l_{2+i}) &= (2nk + k + 7 + 2i) = -f \left(l_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(l'_{2+i}) &= (2kn + 2k + 5 + 2i) \\
 &= -f \left(l_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i} \right), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-2}{2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and $1 \leq i \leq n$,

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e_{n+(n+1)i+2+j}) &= (2n + 2ni + 9 + 2j) \\
 &= -f \left(e_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2+j} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n \left(\frac{k-2}{2} \right)$,

$$f(e'_{2n+i}) = (nk + 2n + 9 + 2i) = -f \left(e'_{\frac{nk+2n}{2}+i} \right).$$

The induced vertex labeling are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(c_{1,1}) &= (n + 4) = -f^*(c_{1,2}), \\
 f^*(c_{2,1}) &= -(5n + 12) = -f^*(c_{2,2}), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-2}{2} \\
 f^*(w_{2+i}) &= (10n + k + 22 + 4i) = -f^* \left(w_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i} \right), \\
 f^*(x_{n+(n+1)i+2}) &= (2nk + 9 + 2i) \\
 &= -f^* \left(x_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2} \right), \\
 f^*(w'_{2+i}) &= (4kn + 3k + 12 + 4i) \\
 &= -f^* \left(w'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i} \right), \\
 f^*(c_{2+i,1}) &= (2nk + 5n^2 + 15n + 25 + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1)) \\
 &= -f^* \left(c_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i,1} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

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and

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(c_{2+i,2}) &= (2nk + n^2k + 3n^2 + 15n + 2k + 21 + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1)) \\
 &= -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i,2}\right), \\
 f^*(x_{n+2}) &= -(2n + 5) = -f^*(w'_1), \\
 f^*(w_1) &= (n + 2) = -f^*(w_2), f^*(w'_2) = -2, \\
 f^*(x_1) &= 1 = -f^*(a), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{n}{2}, \\
 f^*(x_{1+i}) &= (2i + 1) = -f^*\left(x_{\frac{n+2}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f^*(y_i) &= (n + 2i + 3) = -f^*\left(y_{\frac{n}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f^*(x_{n+2+i}) &= (2n + 5 + 2i) = -f^*\left(x_{\frac{3n+4}{2}+i}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$f^*(y_{n+i}) = (3n + 2i + 9) = -f^*\left(y_{\frac{3n}{2}+i}\right),$$

for $1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-2}{2}\right)$ and $1 \leq j \leq n$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(x_{n+(n+1)i+2+j}) &= (2n + 2ni + 9 + 2j) \\
 &= -f^*\left(x_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2+j}\right),
 \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n\left(\frac{k-2}{2}\right)$,

$$f^*(y_{2n+i}) = (nk + 2n + 9 + 2i) = -f^*\left(y_{\frac{nk+2n}{2}+i}\right).$$

From the above arguments we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(V(G)) &= \{\pm 1, \pm 3, \pm 5, \pm 7, \dots, \\
 &\quad \pm(n+1), \pm(n+2), \pm(n+4), \pm(2n+5), \pm(5n+12), \\
 &\quad \pm(n+5), \pm(n+7), \pm(n+9), \dots, \\
 &\quad \pm(2n+3), \pm(2n+7), \pm(2n+9), \pm(2n+11), \dots,
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \pm(3n+5), \pm(3n+11), \pm(3n+13), \pm(3n+15), \dots, \\
 & \pm(4n+9), \pm(4n+11), \pm(4n+13), \pm(4n+15), \dots, \\
 & \pm(nk+2n+9), \pm(2nk+11), \pm(2nk+13), \pm(2nk+15), \dots, \\
 & \pm(2nk+k+7), \pm(nk+2n+11), \pm(nk+2n+13), \pm(nk+2n+15), \dots, \\
 & \pm(2nk+9), \pm(10n+k+26), \pm(10n+k+30), \\
 & \pm(10n+k+34), \dots, \pm(10n+3k+18), \pm(4kn+3k+16), \\
 & \pm(4kn+3k+20), \pm(4kn+3k+24), \dots, \\
 & \pm(4kn+5k+8), \pm(2nk+5n^2+15n+25), \\
 & \pm(2nk+7n^2+15n+29), \dots, \pm(2nk+n^2+n^2k+15n+2k+17), \\
 & \pm(2nk+n^2k+3n^2+15n+2k+21), \\
 & \pm(2nk+n^2k+5n^2+15n+2k+25), \dots, \\
 & \pm(2nk+2n^2k-n^2+15n+4k+13)\} \cup \{-2\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence f is an edge pair sum labeling.

Case (iii). If k is odd and n is even.

$$f(e_1) = 2, f(u_1) = -3 = -f(l'_1), f(u'_1) = 4, f(l_1) = -6,$$

$$\text{for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-1}{2},$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e_{(n+1)i+1}) &= (2nk+3+2i) \\
 &= -f\left(e_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k-1}{2}+i\right)+1}\right), \\
 f(u_{1+i}) &= (6+2i) = -f\left(u_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(u'_{1+i}) &= (k+5+2i) = -f\left(u'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(l_{1+i}) &= (2nk+k+2+2i) = -f\left(l_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$f(l'_{1+i}) = (2kn+2k+1+2i) = -f\left(l'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right),$$

$$\text{for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{n}{2},$$

$$f(e_{1+i}) = (3+2i) = -f\left(e_{\frac{n+2}{2}+i}\right)$$

and

$$f(e'_i) = (n+3+2i) = -f\left(e'_{\frac{n}{2}+i}\right)$$

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for $1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right)$ and $1 \leq j \leq n$

$$f(e_{(n+1)i+1+j}) = (2ni + 3 + 2j) = -f\left(e_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k-1}{2}+i\right)+1+j}\right),$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n\left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right),$

$$f(e'_{n+i}) = (nk + n + 3 + 2i) = -f\left(e_{n\left(\frac{k+1}{2}+i\right)}\right).$$

The induced vertex labeling are as follows:

$$f^*(x_1) = 2 = -f^*(c_{1,2}),$$

$$f^*(w_1) = 1 = -f^*(c_{1,1}),$$

$$f^*(w'_1) = -3 = -f^*(a), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-1}{2},$$

$$f^*(x_{(n+1)i+1}) = (2nk + 3 + 2i)$$

$$= -f^*\left(x_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k-1}{2}+i\right)+1}\right),$$

$$f^*(w_{1+i}) = (k + 11 + 4i) = -f^*\left(w_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right),$$

$$f^*(w'_{1+i}) = (4kn + 3k + 3 + 4i)$$

$$= -f^*\left(w'_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i}\right),$$

$$f^*(c_{1+i,1}) = (2nk + 4n + 13 + 3n^2 + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1))$$

$$= -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i,1}\right)$$

and

$$f^*(c_{1+i,2}) = (2nk + n^2k + 2n^2 + 2k + 4n + 11 + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1))$$

$$= -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+1}{2}+i,2}\right),$$

for $1 \leq i \leq \frac{n}{2},$

$$f^*(x_{1+i}) = (3 + 2i) = -f^*\left(x_{\frac{n+2}{2}+i}\right)$$

and

$$f^*(y_i) = (n + 3 + 2i) = -f^*\left(y_{\frac{n}{2}+i}\right),$$

for $1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right)$ and $1 \leq j \leq n$

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(x_{(n+1)i+1+j}) &= (2ni + 3 + 2j) \\ &= -f^*\left(x_{(n+1)\left(\frac{k-1}{2}+i\right)+1+j}\right), \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n\left(\frac{k-1}{2}\right)$

$$f^*(y_{n+i}) = (nk + n + 3 + 2i) = -f^*\left(y_{n\left(\frac{k+1}{2}\right)+i}\right).$$

From the above labeling we get

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(V(G)) &= \{\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 5, \pm 7, \pm 9, \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(n+3), \pm(k+15), \pm(k+19), \pm(k+23), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(3k+9), \pm(n+5), \pm(n+7), \pm(n+9), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(2n+3), \pm(2n+5), \pm(2n+7), \pm(2n+9), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(nk+n+3), \pm(2nk+5), \pm(2nk+7), \pm(2nk+9), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(2nk+k+2), \pm(nk+n+5), \pm(nk+n+7), \pm(nk+n+9), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(2nk+3), \pm(4nk+3k+7), \pm(4nk+3k+11), \\ &\quad \pm(4nk+3k+15), \dots, \pm(4nk+5k+1), \\ &\quad \pm(2nk+3n^2+4n+13), \pm(2nk+5n^2+4n+17), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(2nk+n^2k+2k+4n+7), \pm(2nk+n^2k+2n^2+2k+4n+11), \\ &\quad \pm(2nk+n^2k+4n^2+2k+4n+15), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm(2nk+2n^2k-n^2+4n+4k+5)\}. \end{aligned}$$

Hence f is an edge pair sum labeling.

Case (iv). If k is even and n is odd.

Subcase (a). If k is even and $n = 1$.

Define

$$\begin{aligned} f(e_1) &= 1 = -f(u'_1), f(e_2) = 6 = -f(e'_1), \\ f(u_1) &= 4 = -f(l_1), f(l'_1) = -9, f(e_3) = 13 = -f(u'_2), \\ f(e_4) &= 12 = -f(e'_2), f(u_2) = 10 = -f(l_2), f(l'_2) = 8, \end{aligned}$$

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for $1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-2}{2}$,

$$\begin{aligned} f(e_{3+2i}) &= (12 + 2i) = -f(e_{k+1+2i}), \\ f(e_{4+2i}) &= (k + 10 + 2i) = -f(e_{k+2+2i}), \\ f(u_{2+i}) &= (5k - 1 + 2i) = -f\left(u_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\ f(u'_{2+i}) &= (5k - 1 + 2i) = -f\left(u'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\ f(u'_{2+i}) &= (6k - 3 + 2i) = -f\left(u'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\ f(e'_{2+i}) &= (2k + 8 + 2i) = -f\left(l'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right). \end{aligned}$$

The induced vertex labelings are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(x_1) &= 1 = -f^*(a), f^*(x_3) = 13 = -f^*(w'_1), \\ f^*(w_1) &= 3 = -f^*(w_2), f^*(w'_2) = -2, \\ f^*(x_2) &= 6 = -f^*(y_1), f^*(x_4) = 12 = -f^*(y_2), \\ f^*(c_{1,1}) &= 11 = -f^*(c_{1,2}), f^*(c_{2,1}) = 35 = -f^*(c_{2,2}), \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq k\frac{k-2}{2}$,

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(x_{3+2i}) &= (12 + 2i) = -f^*(x_{k+1+2i}), \\ f^*(w_{2+i}) &= (11k - 4 + 4i) = -f^*\left(w_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\ f^*(w'_{2+i}) &= (7k + 10 + 4i) = -f^*\left(w'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\ f^*(x_{4+2i}) &= (k + 10 + 2i) = -f^*(x_{k+2+2i}), \\ f^*(y_{2+i}) &= (2k + 8 + 2i) = -f^*\left(y_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\ f^*(c_{2+i,1}) &= (6k + 21 + 6i) = -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i,1}\right) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$f^*(c_{2+i,2}) = (11k + 11 + 6i) = -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i,2}\right).$$

Then we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 f^*(V(G)) = \{ & \pm 1, \pm 3, \pm 6, \pm 11, \pm 12, \pm 13, \\
 & \pm 35, \pm 14, \pm 16, \pm 18, \dots, \pm(k+10), \\
 & \pm 11k, \pm(11k+4), \pm(11k+8), \dots, \\
 & \pm(13k-8), \pm(7k+14), \pm(7k+18), \\
 & \pm(7k+22), \dots, \pm(9k+6), \pm(k+12), \\
 & \pm(k+14), \pm(k+16), \dots, \pm(2k+8), \\
 & \pm(2k+10), \pm(2k+12), \pm(2k+14), \dots, \\
 & \pm(3k+6), \pm(6k+27), \pm(6k+33), \pm(6k+39), \dots, \\
 & \pm(9k+15), \pm(11k+17), \pm(11k+23), \\
 & \pm(11k+29), \dots, \pm(14k+5)\} \cup \{-2\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence f is an edge pair sum labeling.

Subcase (b). If k is even and $n \geq 3$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e_1) &= 1 = -f(u'_1), \text{ for } 1 \leq i \leq n-1, \\
 f(e_{1+i}) &= (2i+1) = -f(e'_i)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e_{n+2+i}) &= -(2n+3+2i) = -f(e'_{n+1}), \\
 f(e_{n+2}) &= -(2n+3) = -f(u'_2), \\
 f(e_{n+1}) &= (2n-2) = -f(e'_n), f(u_1) = (2n+1) = -f(l_1), \\
 f(l'_1) &= (4n+4), f(e_{2n+2}) = -4n = -f(e'_{2n}), \\
 f(u_2) &= -(4n+3) = -f(l_2), f(l'_2) = -(4n+5),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{for } 1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-2}{2},$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(e_{n+(n+1)i+2}) &= (4n+5+2i) \\
 &= -f\left(e_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2}\right), \\
 f(l_{2+i}) &= (4n+k+3+2i) = -f\left(l_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(u_{2+i}) &= (2kn+2k+2i) = -f\left(u_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\
 f(u'_{2+i}) &= (2kn+3k-2+2i) = -f\left(u'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

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and

$$f(l'_{2+i}) = (2kn + 4k - 4 + 2i) = -f\left(l'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right),$$

for $1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-2}{2}\right)$ and $1 \leq j \leq n$,

$$\begin{aligned} f(e_{n+(n+1)i+2+j}) &= (2n + 2ni + 2k + 1 + 2j) \\ &= -f\left(e_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2+j}\right), \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n\left(\frac{k-2}{2}\right)$

$$f(e'_{2n+i}) = (nk + 2n + 2k + 1 + 2i) = -f\left(e'_{\frac{nk+2n}{2}+i}\right).$$

The induced vertex labeling are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(x_1) &= 1 = -f^*(a), f^*(x_{n+2}) = -(2n + 3) = -f^*(w'_1), \\ f^*(w_1) &= 2n = -f^*(w_2), f^*(w'_2) = -2, \\ f^*(c_{1,1}) &= (n^2 + 4n - 1) = -f^*(c_{1,2}), \\ f^*(c_{2,1}) &= -(3n^2 + 10n + 3) = -f^*(c_{2,2}), \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq \frac{k-2}{2}$,

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(x_{n+(n+1)i+2}) &= (4n + 5 + 2i) \\ &= -f^*\left(x_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2}\right), \\ f^*(w_{2+i}) &= (4kn + 5k - 2 + 4i) \\ &= -f^*\left(w_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i}\right), \\ f^*(w'_{2+i}) &= (2nk + 4n + 5k - 1 + 4i) \\ &= -f^*\left(w'_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i,1}\right), \\ f^*(c_{2+i,1}) &= (4nk + 5n^2 + 6n + 2k + 9 + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1)) \\ &= -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i,1}\right) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(c_{2+i,2}) &= (n^2k + 3n^2 + 4nk + 6n + 4k + 5 + (2n^2 + 4)(i - 1)) \\ &= -f^*\left(c_{\frac{k+2}{2}+i,2}\right), \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n-1$

$$f^*(x_{1+i}) = (2i+1) = -f^*(y_i)$$

and

$$f^*(x_{n+2+i}) = -(2n+3+2i) = -f^*(y_{n+i}),$$

$$f^*(x_{n+1}) = 2(n-1) = -f^*(y_n)$$

and $f^*(x_{2n+2}) = -4n = -f^*(y_{2n})$, for $1 \leq i \leq \left(\frac{k-2}{2}\right)$ and $1 \leq j \leq n$,

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(x_{n+(n+1)i+2+j}) &= (2n+2ni+2k+1+2j) \\ &= -f^*\left(x_{n+(n+1)\left(\frac{k-2}{2}+i\right)+2+j}\right), \end{aligned}$$

for $1 \leq i \leq n\left(\frac{k-2}{2}\right)$,

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(y_{2n+i}) &= (nk+2n+2k+1+2i) \\ &= -f^*\left(y_{\frac{nk+2n}{2}+i}\right). \end{aligned}$$

We get

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(V(G)) &= \{\pm 1, \pm 2n, \pm 3, \pm 5, \pm 7, \dots, (2n-1) \pm (2n+3), \\ &\quad \pm (2n-2), \pm 4n, \pm (2n+5), \\ &\quad \pm (2n+7), \dots, \pm (4n+1), \pm [4n+7], \pm [4n+9], \dots, \\ &\quad \pm [4n+k+3], \pm [4kn+5k+2], \pm [4kn+5k+6], \dots, \\ &\quad \pm [4kn+7k-6], \pm (2nk+4n+5k+3), \\ &\quad \pm (2nk+4n+5k+7), \dots, \pm (2nk+4n+7k-5), \\ &\quad \pm (4n+2k+3), \pm (4n+2k+5), \\ &\quad \pm (4n+2k+7), \dots, \pm (nk+2n+2k+1), \\ &\quad \pm (kn+2k+2n+3), \pm (kn+2k+2n+5), \\ &\quad \pm (kn+2k+2n+7), \dots, \pm (2kn+2k+1), \\ &\quad \pm (n^2+4n-1), \pm (3n^2+10n+3), \\ &\quad \pm (4nk+5n^2+6n+2k+9), \pm (4nk+7n^2+6n+2k+13), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm (4nk+n^2k+n^2+6n+4k+1), \\ &\quad \pm (4nk+n^2k+3n^2+6n+4k+5), \\ &\quad \pm (4nk+n^2k+5n^2+6n+4k+9), \dots, \\ &\quad \pm (4kn+2n^2k-n^2+6n+6k-3)\} \cup \{-2\}. \end{aligned}$$

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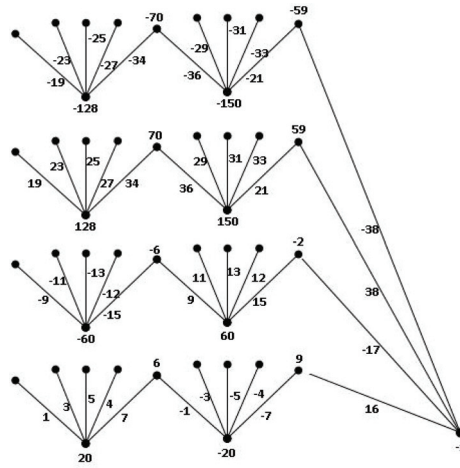


Figure 3:

From the above labeling f is an edge pair sum labeling. ■

The example for the edge pair sum graph labeling of $WT(3 : 4)$ is shown in Figure 3.

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